

The Electric Flat Iron

Saves tramping back and forth from stove to ironing board. Half the labor is saved and the clothes are better ironed. Let us send you one on two weeks' trial.

Paris Gas & Electric Co.

Incorporated

BOURBON FAMILY SEE HOME PRISON COMMISSIONERS TO DESTROYED.

After having been forced to witness the burning of their home with all of its contents, together with barns and other improvements, near Tampico, Mexico, on February 4, and also involuntary witnesses to the horrible butchery of the Federal and Rebel soldiers, Mrs. William Collier and her three little children arrived in Paris Friday en route to Millersburg, from their farm in Old Mexico, 10 miles from Tampico.

Mr. William Collier, who is a son of Mrs. Rebecca Collier, of Millersburg, owned a valuable farm in Mexico, which was well improved with a modern residence, stock barns, etc., and he and his family were in a most prosperous condition until about a month ago.

On February 3, Mr. and Mrs. Collier heard that the Federal and Rebel troops would meet on the Collier farm, and they decided to save as much of their property as was possible. They hurriedly packed two trunks with wearing apparel, and herded the stock together and drove them to the back end of the farm. Here they were forced, with their little children, to witness the horrible battle that was waged which resulted in the death of countless numbers of soldiers.

After the forces of Gen. Villa and Gen. Carranza had won a decisive victory over the Federals, the soldiers proceeded to loot the Collier residence, after which they burned the house, together with barns and other improvements. Mr. Collier, however, managed to save all of the stock on the place with the exception of one steer.

After the battle, Mr. and Mrs. Collier and children went to Tampico, where they remained for about two weeks, when Mr. Collier placed his wife and three children on a boat bound for Galveston, Texas. Arriving there without mishap, Mrs. Collier and children took a train for Kentucky, arriving in Paris yesterday. They went direct to the home of Mr. Collier's mother, Mrs. Rebecca Collier, in Millersburg.

Mr. William Collier was joined at Tampico, Mexico, by his brother, Mr. Dick Collier, and as soon as the stock saved by Mr. William Collier can be disposed of, the brothers will proceed to Kentucky, and will remain in Bourbon County until it is safe for them to return to Mexico.

The many friends of Mr. and Mrs. Collier will be sorry to learn of the big loss they have sustained, but are rejoicing that they were fortunate enough to escape from the strife-ridden country in safety.

Messrs. William and Dick Collier are brothers of Mrs. W. G. McClintock, of Paris; Mrs. Peale Collier, of Millersburg; Mrs. W. T. Bedford, of Lexington; and Mr. Robert Collier, formerly of Mt. Sterling, but now one of the proprietors of the Bourbon Lumber Company, in Paris.

Never get the idea that a self-made man was born in an incubator.—F. A. Kutz.

DINING TABLES.

Thin of this beautiful dining room tables at \$4.75 up to \$38.50 during our February and March sale. (27-1f) A. F. WHEELER & CO.



WE BEG TO ANNOUNCE that on Tuesday, March 3d, we place on sale Spring Styles in NETTLETON SHOES the footwear of distinction for men

Geo. McWilliams
The Shoe Man

FALL URGES USE OF ARMY AND NAVY

(Continued from Page One.)

'Mexico' in lieu of that of Cuba, or Spain."

Mr. Fall read a portion of President McKinley's famous war message and then referred to President Wilson's refusal last autumn to transmit information relative to Mexico to the Senate on the ground that it was incompatible with the public interest.

"Abraham Lincoln thought it not incompatible with the public interest fully to inform the Senate as to communications between this country and France.

Senator Fall picturing conditions in Mexico, included vivid statements he had received today from Emeterio de la Garza, who came to Washington last year in the interest of the Huerta Government.

A large portion of the letter which followed that was a detailed attack on President Wilson's Mexican policy. Senator Fall declared the United States had "politically intervened" in Mexico ever since John Lind was sent with an ultimatum to Huerta and further declared the United States owed Spain, England, France and Germany, whose citizens had been murdered or outraged.

RANGERS DID NOT INVADE.

AUSTIN, TEX., March 9.—Texas Rangers did not cross the Mexican border, nor participate in the expedition by which the body of Clemente Vergara, the American ranchman murdered by Federals, was secretly exhumed from Hidalgo, Mex. cemetery, and deposited by persons, as yet unidentified, on the Texas side of the Rio Grande before daylight Sunday morning.

This was the official version of the Vergara incident from State Capitol sources today. This version was born out by dispatches from Laredo, Tex., the nearest point to Hidalgo, where investigation could be made and transmitted by wire.

VERGARA'S BODY RETURNED.

LAREDO, TEX., March 9.—A shovel sticking in the soft earth of the open grave, and around the handle of the implement a card with the word "Requiescat" (remembrance) was the single trace to-day of the mysterious night visit of a party of unidentified men to the Hidalgo, Mexico, cemetery, who disinterred the body of Clemente Vergara and returned it to Texas for burial by the family.

Vergara's body was secretly laid at a lonely spot on the Rio Grande, forty-five miles from Laredo, in the early dawn of Sunday morning, to be found by a Federal representative, a State officer and a county deputy sheriff, but who was responsible for its removal from Mexico was a question still unanswered. The body was here to-day awaiting an examination, which State authorities hope may disclose something to aid them in placing the blame for the ranchman's violent death after he was taken prisoner, disclosed two gunshot wounds in the head, one in the neck, a blow, as if by a rifle butt, which crushed the skull, and the mutilated left hand, twisted and charred by fire, suggested that torture had been inflicted before Vergara was executed.

WHAT WOULD COME OF THE INVASION OF RANGERS.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—The audacious action of the Texas Rangers in crossing into Mexico and recovering the body of Clemente Vergara, who was murdered beyond peradventure, may prove to be the spark that sets fire to the magazine and force early intervention by the United States.

While the assassination of Vergara furnishes another grievance to this Government, the invasion of Mexico by Texas troops is in reality a more serious matter from an international standpoint, and under normal conditions could be properly construed by Mexico as an act of war.

But under present circumstances the Mexican government must recognize that its people are living in a state of anarchy, with the Government protection to foreigners, and consequently nothing more than a feeble protest can be expected.

President Huerta is not able to cope successfully with the revolutionists at all points, and therefore need not be expected to attempt to call the United States to account for Texas' action, much less retaliate by declaring war, which would be the essence of ridiculousness.

But the danger lies in the possibility of an overt act by Mexicans in retaliation for the invasion by the Rangers. Such an overt act might easily lead to an immediate abandonment of the Administration's policy of "watchful waiting" and the substitution thereof of armed intervention, which would be equivalent to war under the circumstances.

This danger is recognized by public men who were apprised of the fact of the expedition into Mexico and its successful outcome. Thus the situation has become more acute than ever before, with the chances of intervention materially enhanced.

Governor Colquitt connived at a direct violation of the constitution, which vests only the General Government with the right of invasion of a foreign country, and may be held to be guilty of technical treason. But it is not imagined that the Government of Washington will undertake to hale him into court on such a charge.

Even did it attempt to, one can easily imagine what verdict a court in Texas would return.

So that the length to which Washington will go is to remind the Governments placed upon the military activity of the several States.

MOBILE, Ala., March 6.—A fight in the cab of an engine to-day at Subway, Miss., resulted in the killing of M. E. Cole, fireman of a Mobile and Ohio extra north-bound freight train, by his engineer, Marshall Baskin.

CITY SCHOOL HONOR ROLL FOR MONTH OF FEBRUARY

The following is the honor roll of the Paris City School for the month of February:

Grade 1A—Ethel Payne 93; Elmeta Douglas 92; Trella Lee Collins 90; Frances Thompson 93; Frances Whallen 93; Garnett Swinford 90; Homer Stone 90; Henry Sandusky 93; Clarence Mullins 93; Willie Berry 90; Vaughn Lykins 93; William Blount 92.

Grade 1B—Eloise Alexander 90; Pansy Burns 93; Ethel Culbertson 90; Evelyn Kenton 94; Ethel Shankland 93; Lillian Taylor 93; Virginia Tingle 90; Georgia Wilson 95; Ida Lee Wheeler 90; George Ewalt 94; Bruce Gardner 91; Hallan Goldstein 93; Anderson Rose 91; Walter Harney 92; Homer Burley 95.

Grade 2A—Evelyn Tingle 91; Mona Taylor 93; Carolyn Wilmoth 96; Lucille Chipley 90; Jack Johnson 92; Edna Earl Burns 93; Mary Sandusky 92; Charles Goodin 94.

Grade 2B—Martha Collier 93; Mary E. Petree 94; Edgar Farris 92; Katherine Hendricks 92; Constance Hill 92; Mary Louise Clendenin 91; Catherine Duncan 91; Allie Hubbard 93; Christine Sauer 93; Edna Rose 92.

Grade 3A—Addie Mae Myers 90; Shelley Story 90; William Collier 91; Carlew Scott 91; Mary Frances Burns 91; Keller Larkin 93; Elizabeth Lileston 93; Ruth Wheeler 93; Leonard Fronk 94; Thelma Darlington 94; Nannette Arkle 94; Virginia Hancock 94; Margaret Hill 95.

Grade 3B—Crutcher Chism 90; Anna Farrow 90; Ray Cahal 90; Russell Horton 90; Hiatt Hulbard 91; Eddie Munich 90; Thomas Snapp 91; Elizabeth Taylor 93.

Grade 4A—Frances McCarthy 93; Herbert Myers 93; Vanessa Lykins 92; Charlie Padgett 92; Fern Stone 92; Frances Harris 91; Elizabeth Johnson 91; Hilda Taylor 91; Volvia Lykins 91; Kathleen Lovell 90; Clara Highland 90; Isabel Atlas 90.

Grade 4B—Anne Duncan 95; Jack Lark 94; Devora Chism 94; Reynolds Buckler 92; Alice Shearer 91; Elizabeth Rule 90.

Grade 5B—Nancy B. Wilson 95; Thomas Hendricks 94; Eugene Moore 94; Sidney Linnville 90; Viola Ackman 90; Pavola Dundon 90; Nancy Davis 90.

Grade 6A—Eva Polson 91; Lufie Crowe 93; Dorothy Harris 93; Clara Hartley 92; Christine McCord 94; Garland O'Neill 90; Julia Roberts 90; Dorothy Tingle 93.

Grade 6B—Olive Spahn 90; Mary Smith 90; Hattie Neal 92; Helen Rineo 93; Omar Denton 94; Albert Stewart 95; Ueserv Taul 91.

Grade 7A—Elma Leeds 91; Stanley Dale 90; Thelma Squires 95; Preston Bales 91; Madge Taylor 94; Frances Tate 92; Gertrude Welsh 90; Lucille Hall 92; William McIntire 93.

Grade 7B—Martin O'Neill 91; Jennie Jones 91; Ernie Alexander 92; Janet Lusk 92.

Grade 8—Eunice Heller 94; John Brannon 93; Edna Snapp 93; Varnita Baldwin 93; Elizabeth Clark 90; Ruth Linnville 91; Eleanor Lytle 91; Mabel Temple 91.

HIGH SCHOOL.

Freshmen—Mayme Flanders 93; John 90; Esther Boatright 90; Elizabeth Hall 90; Lillian Neal 91; Edward Deonhy 90; Eubian Arkle 91; Minnie Price 91; Mabel Adair 90; Maud Taylor 92.

Sophomores—Lona McCord 92; Evelyn Friedman 93; Emmett Curtis 92; Elizabeth Hedges 92; John T. Redmon 92.

Juniors—Ellen Henry 91; Gertrude Slicer 92; Grace McCord 93; Lina Crowe 92; Frank Wilcox 90.

Seniors—Eli Friedman 90; Edward Myall 98; Wayne Cottleham 98; Joe Letcher 94; Ruth Chambers 93; Malvina Sharon 91.

FLOWERS.

Funeral designs of the choicest cut flowers on short notice. Call over either phone.

JO. VARDEN.

SCOTT FILES SUIT TO RECOVER \$500 REWARD

Dan W. Scott, whose term as Sheriff of Fayette county expired on January 1, filed suit Saturday for the \$500 reward which was raised at a meeting of citizens in 1899 for the capture of John H. ("King") McNamara, charged with the murder of Jacob Keller. After McNamara had been at large for thirteen years he was located and arrested in Louisville by Sheriff Scott on June 14, 1912, and being brought to Lexington was tried and on July 22, 1912, was sentenced to the penitentiary for five years. The suit filed by Mr. Scott is against the Second National Bank of Lexington, former Gov. W. O. Bradley, now United States Senator, and Mrs. Louise B. Berryman, treasurer of the citizens' committee which raised a fund for the apprehension of McNamara.

CHILDREN OF 12 YEARS MUST NOT BE SENT TO REFORMATORY

All children twelve years of age and under sent to the Reform School from various counties of the State hereafter will be sent back to the counties from which they were committed, and those in the same class at the institution will be returned home.

This was the ruling of the State Prison Commission, which met at Frankfort, and it inaugurated its new ruling by ordering that twenty-five children now at the school, ranging in age from nine to twelve years, be released at once and sent back to the counties from which they came.

Chairman Daniel E. O'Sullivan takes position that carrying out the spirit of the Commission's Reform School is not a proper place for these tots. Those immediately affected by the order will be returned home as fast as possible, while others of this tender age committed to the institution in the future will not be received.

County Judges and other authorities who have the right to send children to the institution should govern themselves accordingly.

Wolf, Wile & Co.

Formerly Kaufman, Straus & Co.

Invite Your Critical Inspection to Advance

Shipments of Entirely New Models in

Spring-Ready-To-Wear Things

The Styles of 1830, With Their Puffs and Ruffles and Furbelows, Promise to Reign Again During the Spring and Summer of 1914

We are showing now the advanced ideas not only in style, but in material and shades as well.

Suits in Moire and Taffeta Silks, Crepe Wool Poplins and other lightweight fabrics

\$20.00 to \$85.00

Afternoon Gowns that are Serviceable; of Taffeta Silks, Crepe de Chene, Charmeuse and flowered Crepes

\$18.75, \$20.00, \$25.00

BLOUSES

The New Styles and Colorings are Beautiful.

Jap Silk Blouses.....\$2.50
Crepe de Chene Blouses.....\$3.85 to \$7.50
Lingerie Blouses.....\$1.00 to \$6.00

DRESS SILKS

Of soft beautiful fabrics, embracing Taffeta and Moire Silks and lightweight Crepe Woolens

\$5.00 to \$12.75

Wolf, Wile & Co.

Lexington, Ky.

Electric Vacuum Cleaners

Saves your strength and health. Makes housecleaning a pleasure. Ask for demonstration of our Premier Vacuum Cleaners. Sold on monthly payments.

Paris Gas & Electric Co.

(Incorporated)

Rea's Fire-Proof Paint.

NO Paint with fire-resisting qualities such as we claim for this paint has before been discovered.

How Do We Know

It is because no paint can be fire-proof until it is proven such, and before offering this to the public we have given it the severest tests, such as holding a blow-torch and concentrating the blaze for eleven consecutive minutes on metal coated with one application of this paint, and we failed to make it burn.

Excelsior

We have filled boxes that had been given one coat with excelsior, and set the excelsior on fire, and in no instance did we burn the box.

Something For You to Think About

If we could do no more than to fire-proof basements, there is hardly a limit to our field of operation, but we go further, as this paint resists moisture; and so for coating trestle work, posts, piling, dipping shingles, insulating electric wires, or any of the many conditions where safety is required, along with beauty and preservation, we offer Rea's Fire-Proof Paint as a superior article.

Color

We can add any coloring matter, but so far have only advocated two colors. The light paint (which can hardly be told from varnish) is for interior work. The white paint is for both interior and exterior work, and can be made sufficiently thin to use in a spraying machine, enabling the person applying it to reach inaccessible places, and covering all of the surface.

We feel that the foregoing statements will cause you to investigate, and surely you will do so when we tell you that the cost is only a trifle more than half that of any good paint.

All inquiries carefully answered.

CINCINNATI REPRESENTATIVE

J. W. DURNELL,
41 E. Fourth Street.

BOURBON CONVICT IS GRANTED A PAROLE

Jas. Jones, a white man, who was sent to the penitentiary from Bourbon county to serve a sentence of from one to twenty-one years, for malicious shooting, was paroled last week by the State Prison Commissioners. Jones shot Sam Custer, a negro, at the stable of Martin Broz,

on Eighth street, on Christmas eve, 1910. Custer was badly wounded and later died. Jones escaped, and it was one year before he was captured.

CHOICE CUT FLOWERS.

For the best cut flowers and funeral designs, call Jo. Varden. (11)